Forestry and B3 – what's new?

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Outline:

- 1. Log levy introduced 1 January 2014
- 2. Levy funded biosecurity initiatives
- 3. FHS redesign
- 4. GIA
- 5. B3 implications





1. Log levy

- Commodity levies act
- \$0.27/m3; 30 million m3
- Raises money for biosecurity
- Useful for GIA



2. Levy-funded biosecurity initiatives

Research - \$1M/year

- Bioprotection (endophytes) \$300K
- Foliar diseases (\$300K)
- Phytophthora science (\$400K)

Surveillance

FHS including diagnostics - >\$800K



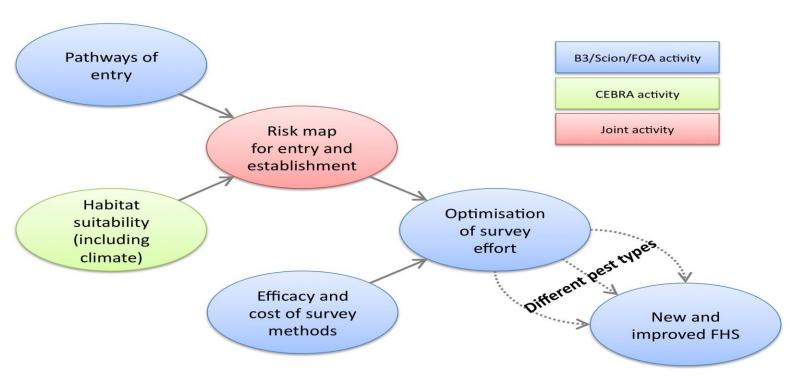
3. FHS redesign

- Log levy → 100% of plantation forests
- MPI (and FOA) → more robust FHS
- Plans in place to make this happen



The plan

NZ Forest Health Surveillance system re-design project





New FHS objectives basically the same as now:

1. Detect new incursions to protect forest health. (i.e., before they can spread to enable eradication.)

 Protect trade – mainly from new incursions, but potentially from existing pests too.



4. GIA – going forward

Why sign the Deed?

- Joint decision making
- Share readiness costs (tbn)
- Response costs subsidised 100% for first 6 years

Operational Agreements

- Determine cost sharing in advance
- How difficult is this?



What does FOA need to do?

- Consult demonstrate mandate to MPI
- Log levy provides for biosecurity
- A mandate for what species? Radiata pine,
 D-fir only? Other species (NZFFA).
- Propagation

 harvesting?
- Set fiscal cap for response 1% value of industry? By species?
- Operational Agreement readiness?
- OR response by groups of species



5. Implications to B3 priorities

- Seeing improved eradication technologies
- Molecular diagnosis of pathogens good progress being made (pathogenicity and aggressiveness) – extend this please
- Pathway work good to see new work planned on detecting Phytophthora in asymptomatic plants
- Effectiveness of ISPM15 how effective is heat treatment on pathogens?



5. Implications to B3 priorities (cont'd)

So what's missing? Greater effort:

- Rapid/accurate detection of pathogens
- Trade implications of high risk organisms e.g., P. ramorum
- New eradication technologies and social acceptance
- Asymptomatic/phytophthora plant research
- Awareness of pathogens in trading partner countries



Thanks



